### **Definitions (Insert/Replace):**

TRUCK TERMINAL/DISTRIBUTION: An area or structure where trucks load and unload goods, products, cargo, materials and/or freight and where the same may be broken down or aggregated into smaller or larger loads for transfer to other motor vehicles or modes of transportation or to other points or junctions. A truck terminal includes value-added services between a supplier and its customers, such as breaking down of large orders from a single source into smaller orders, product mixing, packaging, cross-docking, order fulfillment, or order returns, and the consolidation of several orders into one large order for distribution to several recipients and/or vice versa.

WAREHOUSE: A building or group of buildings primarily used for the unloading and indoor storage, transfer, and distribution of products and materials with a use of the processing of materials so as to sort out which finished goods are to be transported to different locations, and the loading and unloading of such goods. A warehouse shall not include value-added services between a supplier and its customers, such as breaking down of large orders from a single source into smaller orders, product mixing, packaging, cross-docking, order fulfillment, or order returns, and shall not include the consolidation of several orders into one large order for distribution to several recipients and/or vice versa, or any manufacturing or processing. A warehouse shall only consist of indoor storage of products and materials.

### **Supplementary Regulations:**

### § XXX-100 Truck Terminal/Distribution

- (1) Minimum lot area: 10 acres.
- (2) Any entrance for trucks, loading/unloading area, principal structures, outdoor storage or truck parking area shall be a minimum of 150 feet from any residential lot line.
- (3) The use shall have its main access point(s) within two miles of at least one ramp of a limited access highway.
- (4) All tractor-trailer truck parking, principal structures, outdoor storage and/or loading/unloading areas that are visible from beyond the exterior lot lines of the use shall be screened by a 50 foot wide buffer yard. A 50 foot buffer is required along the frontage of all streets. This buffer yard shall meet the following conditions:
  - a. The buffer yard shall include a vegetated screening buffer. The screen buffer plantings are intended to form an impenetrable visual screen and shall include a variety of evergreen tree species to prevent monocultural planting. Trees used for screen buffers shall be comprised of 100% evergreen species.
  - b. Evergreen trees used in the screen planting shall be at least six feet high when planted and shall be of such species as will produce a dense visual screen at least ten feet high within four years. Where the screen buffer planting requires more than 50 trees, no more than 1/3 of those trees will be of a single variety. Deciduous canopy trees and/or flowering trees, and evergreen shrubs are encouraged to provide complete screening and visual appeal, in addition to the required evergreen trees. Shrubs shall have a minimum height of 36 inches when planted.

- c. Plant materials shall be permanently maintained and any plant material which dies shall be replaced by the land owner.
- d. Where such screening is required, it shall be assured by a performance guarantee posted with the governing body in an amount equal to the estimated cost of trees and shrubs and plantings. Such guarantee shall be released only after passage of the second growing season following planting.
- e. The buffer yard may overlap the required side of rear yards, and in case of conflict, the larger yard requirements shall apply.
- f. All plantings shall conform to the standards of the Township's list of acceptable plant species. (Section Reference if Applicable)
- (5) Any tractor-trailer truck parking, outdoor storage and/or loading/unloading areas that are visible from and are within 150 feet of the exterior lot lines of the use shall be separated from such lot lines by an earthen berm. Such berm shall meet the following conditions:
  - a. Average a minimum of five feet in height above the adjacent average ground level (disregarding any drainage channel) on the outside of the berm.
  - b. Not have a single continuous height, but instead shall vary in height by one feet or two feet in places.
  - c. The top of the berm shall not have a width less than five feet.
  - d. Have a maximum side slope of three horizontal to one vertical.
  - e. Be covered by a properly maintained all-season natural ground cover, such as an appropriate grass.
  - f. Shall be located behind any required buffer screening.
- (6) The maximum height for such use shall be 50 feet.
- (7) The use shall include an appropriate system to contain and properly dispose of any fuel, grease, oils or similar pollutants that may spill or leak.
- (8) All facilities with gated entrances shall provide for an on-site queuing area for the stacking of a minimum of two tractor-trailers.
- (9) No parking or loading/unloading shall be permitted on or along any public road.
- (10)Vehicular access shall be so arranged as to minimize danger and congestion along adjoining roads and to avoid the creation of nuisances to nearby properties.
- (11)External building materials shall be of colors that are low-reflective, subtle, or earth tone. Fluorescent and metallic colors shall be prohibited as exterior wall colors.
- (12)LEED Certification is strongly encouraged as well as roof-mounted accessory solar energy systems.
- (13)The applicant shall coordinate with the Monroe County Control Center to ensure there is adequate radio coverage for emergency responders within the building based upon the existing coverage levels of the Monroe County Control Center Public Safety Radio Communications System at the exterior of the building, and shall install enhancement systems if needed to meet compliance.
- (14)The use shall provide related facilities and amenities to provide for the comfort, convenience and safety of those engaged in the trucking distribution industry. Suitable examples rest lounges and areas, locker rooms and shower facilities, and similar uses

- (15)Mechanical scraper systems shall be installed at each truck exit drive for the purpose of removing snow, slush and ice from trailer and truck rooftops. During winter months, all trucks must pass under these mechanical scrapers prior to exiting the warehouse facility.
- (16)A traffic study prepared by a professional traffic engineer, according to (Section Reference if Applicable). The traffic impact study shall also include a truck routing map identifying anticipated routes to and from the proposed facility to the Township boundary. The truck routing map shall be consistent with existing truck routing signage and trip distribution data presented in the traffic study, and shall identify any new proposed truck routes and necessary truck routing signage.
- (17)A community impact study, according to (Section Reference if Applicable)
- (18)An environmental impact assessment shall be performed. The Assessment shall be prepared by a professional environmental engineer, ecologist, environmental planner, or other qualified individual. An assessment shall include a description of the proposed use including location relationship to other projects or proposals, with adequate data and detail for the Township to assess the environmental impact. The assessment shall also include a comprehensive description of the existing environment and the probable future effects of the proposal. The description shall focus on the elements of the environment most likely to be affected as well as potential regional effects and ecological interrelationships. At a minimum, the assessment shall include an analysis of the items listed below regarding the impact of the proposed use and the mitigation of any such impacts. The assessment shall also include detailed examination of public resources most likely impacted by the development plan and include the following focus areas:
  - a. Air pollution impacts emissions from vehicle operations, including from truck engines during idle time. The applicant shall identify all stationary and mobile sources of fine particulate matter (PM2.5), volatile organic compounds, and nitrogen oxides at the site. The applicant shall specify best management practices for preventing and reducing the concentration of air polluting emissions at the site. The owner or operator of the facility shall have anti-idling signs prominently posted in areas where 15 or more trucks may park or congregate.
  - b. The potential for public nuisance to local residents resulting from operations and truck traffic, including noise, glare, light, and visual obstacles.
  - c. A stormwater management plan.
  - d. Consistency with the municipal and county comprehensive plan. The applicant shall submit an assessment report of the impact of the proposed use on the goals of the respective plans. Where the proposed use conflicts with the comprehensive plan, the assessment report shall identify mitigation measures which may be undertaken to offset any degradation, diminution, or depletion of public natural resources.
  - e. Additional considerations. The following shall also be addressed:
    - (1) Alternatives analysis. A description of alternatives to the impacts.
    - (2) Adverse impacts. A statement of any adverse impacts which cannot be avoided.
    - (3) Impact minimization. Environmental protection measures, procedures and schedules to minimize damage to critical impact areas during and after construction, including design considerations.

- (4) Mitigation steps. Listing of steps structural controls proposed to minimize damage to site before and after construction.
- f. Critical impact areas. In addition to the above, plans should include any area, condition, or feature which is environmentally sensitive or which if disturbed during construction would adversely affect the environment.
  - (1) Critical impact areas include, but are not limited to, floodplains, riparian buffers, streams, wetlands, slopes greater than 15%, highly acid or highly erodible soils, hydric soils, hydrologic soil groups, areas of high water table, and mature stands of native vegetation and aquifer recharge and discharge areas.
  - (2) A statement of impact upon critical areas and of adverse impacts which cannot be avoided.
  - (3) Environmental protection measures, procedures and schedules to minimize damage to critical impact areas during and after construction.

(19) Evaluation. The procedures for evaluating the assessment shall be as follows:

- g. Consultation. Upon receipt of the application the Township may forward the assessment to the Township Engineer.
- h. Review and action. The Planning Commission shall evaluate the Environmental and Community Assessment(s) and make a recommendation to the Board.

## § XXX-200 Warehouse

- (1) See off-street loading requirements in § XXX-300.
- (2) No storage of garbage (other than is routinely produced on site and awaiting regular collection) shall be permitted. The bulk storage of materials that are inflammable, explosive, hazardous, or commonly recognized as offensive shall not be permitted.
- (3) Uses that would involve the entrance to the use of an average of more than 50 tractor-trailer trip in any 24-hour period shall be required to meet the additional site development standards in § XXX-100 for a Truck Terminal/Distribution. A trip shall be defined as one arrival at or one departure from the facility.
- (4) When permitted as a conditional use, the applicant shall provide a detailed description of the proposed use in each of the following topics:
  - a. The nature of the on-site activities and operations, the types of materials stored, the frequency of distribution and restocking, the duration period of storage of materials, and the methods for disposal of any surplus or damaged materials. In addition, the applicant shall furnish evidence that the disposal of materials will be accomplished in a manner that complies with state and federal regulations.
  - b. The general scale of the operation, in terms of its market area, specific floor space requirements for each activity, the total number of employees on each shift, anticipated truck traffic, and an overall needed site size.
  - c. Any environmental impacts that are likely to be generated (e.g., odor, noise, smoke, dust, litter, glare, vibration, electrical disturbance, wastewater, stormwater, solid waste, etc.) and specific measures employed to mitigate or eliminate any negative impacts. The applicant shall further furnish evidence that the impacts generated by the proposed use

fall within acceptable levels, as regulated by applicable laws and ordinance, including but not limited to those listed (Section Reference if Applicable) of this chapter.

- d. The applicant shall present credible evidence that the number of "oversized" off-street parking spaces provided for trucks will be adequate to accommodate the expected demand generated by the warehouse activities.
- (5) Maximum building height for such use shall be 50 feet.
- (6) A traffic study prepared by a professional traffic engineer, according to (Section Reference if Applicable).

### **Parking Standards:**

§ XXX-300 Warehouses, Distribution Centers, Fulfillment Centers, Truck Terminals, and Similar Uses: 1.1 per employee on the largest shift, plus one tractor-trailer space located at each loading dock/bay, plus additional "stacking/storage" spaces (minimum 14' x '74') for tractor-trailer in an amount greater or equal to 10% of the number of loading docks/bays (with a minimum of 10 spaces) for the stacking/storage of tractor-trailers, all directly accessible by adequate aisles or drives.. The parking and stacking design shall provide adequate area/spaces for the parking and stacking of tractor-trailers that are awaiting entry to the loading/unloading area to prevent the backup of tractor-trailer and/or other vehicles onto a public street.

#### **Schedule of Uses:**

	Industrial	Commercial
Truck Terminal/Distribution	CU	Х
Warehouse	Р	CU